









PLANTING BY THE SIGNS

There are many people who scoff at the idea of using the signs of the Zodiac and the moon to garden. But, there are also many who use this method even though they don't talk about it, as though it was something to be ashamed of. It just isn't modern and scientific enough for this technological age of chemical food and insecticides. Yet, if one will take the time to read or listen, one will discover that the times to plant, rototill, spray, etc., touted by the "experts," matches almost to the day the old timers' method of planting by the signs.

The use of the signs goes back beyond recorded history. Its really quite incredible that the use of the signs has survived. Basically there are two ways of looking at the moon – the sun phases and the zodiac phases. Let's look at them individually.

The Sun Phases

The sun phases describe the way the sun shines on the moon as seen from planet earth. These phases are also called quarters, and there are four quarters as the moon goes around the earth. The first quarter begins with the new moon which occurs when the moon is between the earth and the sun and is totally dark as viewed from the earth.

As the moon (month) proceeds, it becomes visible in the shape of a crescent until it is half visible; this is the end of the first quarter and the start of the second. The second quarter proceeds until the moon is a totally visible circular pie, and we have a full moon which is the end of the second quarter and the start of the third.

Continuing, the moon now begins to darken on one side until it is again a half moon; we have the end of the third quarter and the start of the fourth. The fourth quarter occurs from this point and is again a crescent until the new moon.

The Zodiac Phases

Now for the zodiac phases. The moon, as it travels around the earth, passes through 12 sectors named after the familiar signs of

the zodiac. Each sector is associated with a group of stars discovered by the ancients and called constellations. These constellations are in turn associated with parts of the body and other qualities. The part of the body governed by an individual constellation is supposed to be more sensitive when the moon is in that constellation. The moon goes through each constellation at least once each month and is in a constellation for either two or three days at a time.

How Do You Know?

The way you know which constellation and which quarter of the moon is in, is by your trusty planting calendar. Rush down to your local hardware, auto, seed, and/or feed store and see if you can get a freebie. The zodiac signs and moon phase signs are clearly marked.

What Do You Do With It?

Now we get to the nitty gritty. You have two sets of instructions; ideally you should consult both before planting. For instance, you should plant during one of the fruitful signs of the zodiac and the appropriate quarter of the moon.

The Signs Of The Zodiac

The signs of the zodiac are listed starting below and continued on the following page along with the qualities of the signs. In general, plant during the moist and fruitful signs and do things that require dryness (burning and destroying weeds) during the dry signs. The most fruitful signs are Cancer, Taurus, Scorpio and Pisces. The barren signs are Aries, Sagittarius, Gemini, Leo, Virgo and Aquarius. One more point: never plant or graft on the sun's day (Sunday) for it is a barren hot day.

ARIES (head & face): Dry and barren. Never plant. Best sign for plowing, tilling and cultivating.

TAURUS (neck): Earthy and moist. Plant here to withstand a drought. Excellent for root crops and okay for crops above the ground and flowers.

GEMINI (arms): Airy, dry and barren. Destroy weeds, kill trees and prepare soil.

CANCER (breast): Watery and very fruitful. Plant here to withstand a drought. Excellent for above and below-ground crops. Time to graft.

LEO (head): Fiery, dry and barren. Never plant; destroy weeds, kill trees and prepare soil.

VIRGO (bowels): Earthy, dry and barren. Destroy weeds, kill trees and prepare soil.

LIBRA (balance): Airy, moist and semi fruitful. Excellent for flowers (beauty) and okay for above-ground crops.

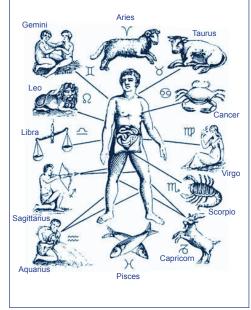
SCORPIO (loins): Watery and fruitful. Excellent for above ground crops and flowers. Okay for below-ground crops. Time to graft.

SAGITTARIUS (thighs): Fiery, dry, and barren. Destroy weeds and kill trees.

CAPRICORN (knees): Earthy, moist and productive. Good for root crops and okay for above ground crops. Root cuttings and make grafts.

AQUARIUS (legs): Airy, dry and barren. Destroy weeds and kill trees.

PISCES (feet): Watery and fruitful. Plant here to withstand a drought. Excellent for below ground crops and okay for above ground crops. Root cuttings and make grafts.



| Nov. 7 | Oct. 13 | Aug. 17 | Apr. 6 | Mar. 1 |
|---------|---------|----------|---------|---------|
| Nov. 17 | Oct. 23 | Aug. 27 | Apr. 16 | Mar. 11 |
| Nov. 27 | Nov. 2 | Sept. 6 | Apr. 26 | Mar. 21 |
| Dec. 7 | Nov. 12 | Sept. 16 | May 6 | Mar. 31 |
| Dec. 17 | Nov. 22 | Sept. 26 | May 16 | Apr. 10 |
| Dec. 27 | Dec. 2 | Oct. 6 | May 26 | Apr. 20 |

Duration & Frequency of Heat in Farm Animals in Regular Condition

| In heat for | If not pregnant heat will recur in |
|------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Mares4-5 days* | 3 to 6 weeks |
| Cows 12-24 hours | *3 weeks* |
| Ewes1-2 days | 17 to 28 days |
| Sows3-4 days | 21 days |
| | |

^{*}Subject to variation

INCUBATION AND GESTATION PERIODS

Incubation

| Chickens | 21 Days |
|-----------|---------|
| Ducks | 30 Days |
| Guineas | 28 Days |
| Geese | 30 Days |
| Pheasants | 25 Days |
| Pigeons | 21 Days |
| Swans | 42 Days |
| Turkevs | 28 Davs |

Gestation

| Bear | 6 Months |
|------------------|-----------|
| Bitch | 9 Weeks |
| Cow | 9 Months |
| Cat | 8 Weeks |
| Deer | 8 Months |
| Dormouse | 31 Days |
| Goat | 5 Months |
| Guinea Pig | 21 Days |
| Mare | 11 Months |
| Mule | 12 Months |
| Opossum | 26 Days |
| Rabbit | |
| Sheep | 5 Months |
| Sow | 16 Weeks |
| Squirrels & Rats | 28 days |
| Wolf & Fox | 62 Days |
| | |

Gestation Table

Average Gestation Period

| | Weeks or | Days | Extremes (days) |
|-------|----------|------|-----------------|
| Sow | 16 | .112 | 109 to 120 |
| Ewe | 22 | .150 | 146 to 157 |
| Cow . | 40½ | .283 | 240 to 311 |
| Mare. | 48½ | .340 | 307 to 412 |

| Jan. 11 [Jan. 21 [Jan. 31] Feb. 10] | Mare Dec. 7 Dec. 17 Dec. 27 Jan. 6 Jan. 16 Jan. 26 | Cow Oct. 11 Oct. 21 Oct. 31 Nov. 10 Nov. 20 Nov. 30 | Ewe May 31 June 10 June 20 June 30 July 10 | Sow Apr. 25 May 5 May 15 May 25 |
|---|--|---|--|---------------------------------|
| Jan. 11 [Jan. 21 [Jan. 31] Feb. 10] | Dec. 17 Dec. 27 Jan. 6 Jan. 16 Jan. 26 | Oct. 21 Oct. 31 Nov. 10 Nov. 20 | June 10 June 20 June 30 | May 5 May 15 |
| Jan. 21 [Jan. 31] Feb. 10] | Dec. 27 Jan. 6 Jan. 16 Jan. 26 | Oct. 31 Nov. 10 Nov. 20 | June 20 June 30 | May 15 |
| Jan. 31 C | Jan. 6 Jan. 16 Jan. 26 | Nov. 10 Nov. 20 | June 30 | |
| Feb. 10 | Jan. 16 Jan. 26 | Nov. 20 | | May 25 |
| | Jan. 26 | | July 10 | |
| Feb. 20 | | Nov. 30 | | June 4 |
| | | | July 20 | June 14 |
| Mar. 2 | eb. 5 | Dec. 10 | July 30 | June 24 |
| Mar. 12 | eb. 15 | Dec. 20 | Aug. 9 | July 4 |
| Mar. 22 | eb. 25 | Dec. 30 | Aug. 19 | July 14 |
| Apr. 1 | Mar. 7 | Jan. 9 | Aug. 29 | July 24 |
| Apr. 11 | Mar. 17 | Jan. 19 | Sept. 8 | Aug. 3 |
| Apr. 21 | Mar. 27 | Jan. 29 | Sept. 18 | Aug. 13 |
| May 1 | Apr. 6 | Feb. 8 | Sept. 28 | Aug. 23 |
| May 11 | Apr. 16 | Feb. 18 | Oct. 8 | Sept. 2 |
| May 21 | Apr. 26 | Feb. 28 | Oct. 18 | Sept. 12 |
| May 31 | May 6 | Mar. 10 | Oct. 28 | Sept. 22 |
| June 10 | May 16 | Mar. 20 | Nov. 7 | Oct. 2 |
| June 20 | May 26 | Mar. 30 | Nov. 17 | Oct. 12 |
| June 30 | June 5 | Apr. 9 | Nov. 27 | Oct. 22 |
| July 10 | June 15 | Apr. 19 | Dec. 7 | Nov. 1 |
| July 20 | June 25 | Apr. 29 | Dec. 17 | Nov. 11 |
| July 30 | July 5 | May 9 | Dec. 27 | Nov. 21 |
| Aug. 9 | July 15 | May 19 | Jan. 6 | Dec. 1 |
| Aug. 19 | July 25 | May 29 | Jan. 16 | Dec. 11 |
| Aug. 29 | Aug. 4 | June 8 | Jan. 26 | Dec. 21 |
| Sept. 8 | Aug. 14 | June 18 | Feb. 5 | Dec. 31 |
| Sept. 18 | Aug. 24 | June 28 | Feb. 15 | Jan. 10 |
| Sept. 28 | Sept. 3 | July 8 | Feb. 25 | Jan. 20 |
| Oct. 8 | Sept. 13 | July 18 | Mar. 7 | Jan. 30 |
| Oct. 18 | Sept. 23 | July 28 | Mar. 17 | Feb. 9 |
| Oct. 28 | Oct. 3 | Aug. 7 | Mar. 27 | Feb. 19 |

WEIGHTS & MEASURES

| Baking Powder |
|--|
| 1 cup |
| Cheese, American |
| 1 pound2 ² / ₃ cup cubed |
| Cocoa |
| 1 pound 4 cups ground |
| Coffee |
| 1 pound 5 cups ground |
| Cornmeal |
| 1 pound3 cups |
| Cornstarch |
| 1 pound3 cups |
| Cracker crumbs |
| 23 soda crackers 1 cup |
| 15 graham crackers 1 cup |
| Eggs |
| 1 egg 4 tablespoons liquid |
| 4-5 whole 1 cup |
| 7-9 whites |
| 12-14 yolks 1 cup |
| Flour |
| 1 pound all-purpose |
| 1 pound cake |
| Lemons, juice |
| 1 medium2-3 tablespoons |
| 5-8 medium |
| Lemons, rind |
| 1 lemon |
| Oranges, juice |
| 1 medium2-3 tablespoons |
| 3-4 medium |
| Oranges, rind |
| 1 2 tablespoon grated |
| Gelatin |
| 3¼ ounce package, flavored ½ cup |
| 1/4 ounce package, unflavored |
| 1 tablespoon |
| Shortening or Butter |
| 1 pound2 cups |
| Sugar |
| 1 pound brown2 ½ cups |
| 1 pound cube 96-160 cubes |
| 1 pound granulated2 cups |
| 1 pound powdered3½ cups |
| |

SELECTED WATER RELATIONSHIPS

(APPROXIMATIONS)

| 1 gallon | 8.34 pounds |
|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1 million gallons | 3.07 acre-feet |
| 1 cubic foot | 62.4 pounds or |
| | 7.48 gallons |
| 1 acre-foot | 325,851 gallons |
| 1 acre covered by | , , |
| 1 foot of water | 43,560 cubic feet |
| 1 cubic mile | 1.1 trillion gallons or |
| | 3,379,200 acre-feet |
| 1 inch of rain | 17.4 gallons per |
| | square mile or |
| | 27,200 gallons per |
| | square acre or |
| | 100 tons per acre |

QUANTITIES TO SERVE 100 PEOPLE

| Coffee | 3 pounds |
|---|--|
| Loaf Sugar | 3 pounds |
| Cream | 3 quarts |
| Whipping Cream | 4 pints |
| Milk | |
| Fruit Cocktail | 2½ gallons |
| Fruit Juice4 No. 10 | |
| Tomato Juice4 No. 10 | cans (26 pounds) |
| Soup | |
| Oysters | |
| Wieners | |
| Meat Loaf | |
| Ham | Professional Profe |
| Beef | |
| Roast Pork | |
| Hamburger | |
| | |
| Chicken for Chicken Pot P | Pie . |
| Chicken for Chicken Pot P | |
| | 40 pounds |
| Potatoes | 40 pounds 35 pounds |
| Potatoes | 40 pounds 35 pounds 5 gallons |
| Potatoes | 40 pounds 35 pounds 5 gallons cans (26 pounds) |
| Potatoes | |
| Potatoes | 40 pounds 35 pounds 5 gallons cans (26 pounds) 5 gallons 30 pounds |
| Potatoes | |
| Potatoes | |
| Potatoes Scalloped Potatoes | |
| Potatoes Scalloped Potatoes. Vegetables | |
| Potatoes Scalloped Potatoes. Vegetables | |
| Potatoes | |
| Potatoes | |
| Potatoes | |

| Heart- girth | Weight |
|-----------------|--------|
| 80 | 1,423 |
| 80½ | 1,446 |
| 81 | 1,469 |
| 81½ | 1,492 |
| 82 | 1,515 |
| 82½ | 1,538 |
| 83 | 1,561 |
| 83½ | 1,584 |
| 84 | 1,607 |
| 84½ | 1,630 |
| 85 | 1,653 |
| 85½ | 1,676 |
| 86 | 1,699 |
| | |

| Heart- girth | Weight |
|-----------------|--------|
| 861/2 | 1,722 |
| 87 | 1,745 |
| 871/2 | 1,768 |
| 88 | 1,791 |
| 881/2 | 1,814 |
| 89 | 1,837 |
| 89½ | 1,860 |
| 90 | 1,883 |
| 90½ | 1,906 |
| 91 | 1,929 |
| 91½ | 1,952 |
| 92 | 1,975 |

CRIB AND BIN CAPACITY

Shelled Corn Formulas

| Rectangular Bir | 1 |
|-----------------|-----------------------------|
| Bushels | 0.8 x Length x Width x |
| | Average Depth (all in feet) |
| Round Bin | |
| Bushels0.62 | 83 x Diameter x Diameter x |
| | Average Depth (in feet) |

Ear Corn Formulas

| Rectangular Crib | |
|------------------|--------------------------|
| Bushels | 0.4 x Length x Width |
| | Average Depth (in feet |
| Round Crib | |
| Bushels | 0.31416 x Diameter |
| Diameter | v Average Depth (in feet |

| Diameter x Average Depth (in feet) |
|---|
| Piled Grain |
| Shelled Corn |
| Bushels0.20944 x Height x Diameter of base x Diameter of base (in feet) |
| Ear Corn |
| (shelled basis) |
| Bushels 0.10472 X Height X Diameter |
| of base X Diameter of |
| base (in feet) |

Heart-Girth Measurements cont.

| Heart- girth | Weight |
|-----------------|--------|
| 37½ | 174 |
| 38 | 180 |
| 38½ | 186 |
| 39 | 192 |
| 39½ | 200 |
| 40 | 208 |
| 40½ | 216 |
| 41 | 224 |
| 41½ | 232 |
| 42 | 240 |
| 45 | 294 |
| 45½ | 304 |
| 46 | 314 |
| 46½ | 324 |
| 47 | 334 |
| 47½ | 344 |
| 48 | 354 |
| 48½ | 364 |
| 49 | 374 |
| 49½ | 384 |
| 50 | 397 |
| 50½ | 404 |
| 51 | 414 |
| 51½ | 424 |
| 52 | 434 |
| 52½ | 445 |
| 53 | 456 |
| 53½ | 467 |
| 54 | 478 |
| 54½ | 489 |
| 55 | 501 |
| 55½ | 513 |
| 56 | 526 |
| 56½ | 539 |
| 57 | 552 |

| | |
|-----------------|--------|
| Heart- girth | Weight |
| 57½ | 565 |
| 58 | 579 |
| 58½ | 593 |
| 59 | 607 |
| 62 | 700 |
| 62½ | 716 |
| 63 | 732 |
| 63½ | 749 |
| 64 | 766 |
| 64½ | 783 |
| 65 | 800 |
| 65½ | 817 |
| 66 | 835 |
| 66½ | 853 |
| 67 | 871 |
| 67½ | 889 |
| 68 | 908 |
| 68½ | 927 |
| 69 | 947 |
| 69½ | 967 |
| 70 | 987 |
| 70½ | 1,007 |
| 71 | 1,027 |
| 71½ | 1,048 |
| 72 | 1,069 |
| 72½ | 1,090 |
| 73 | 1,111 |
| 73½ | 1,132 |
| 74 | 1,153 |
| 74½ | 1,175 |
| 75 | 1,197 |
| 75½ | 1,219 |
| 76 | 1,241 |
| 79 | 1,377 |
| 79½ | 1,400 |

| Lettuce | |
|----------------|------------------|
| Salad Dressing | 3 quarts |
| Pies | 18 |
| Cakes | 8 |
| Ice Cream | 4 gallons |
| Cheese | 3 pounds |
| Olives | 13/4 pounds |
| Pickles | 2 quarts |
| Nuts | 3 pounds, sorted |

To serve 50 people, divide by 2 To serve 25 people, divide by 4

ONE INGREDIENT FOR ANOTHER

For these: You may use these:

| For these: | You may use these: |
|--|---|
| 1 whole egg for thickening or baking | 2 egg yolks or 2 tablespoons dried whole egg plus 2½ tablespoons water. |
| 1 cup butter or margarine for shortening | % cup lard, or rendered fat, with ½ teaspoon salt or 1 cup hydrogenated fat (cooking fat sold under brand name) with ½ teaspoon salt. |
| 1 square (ounce) chocolate | 3 or 4 tablespoons cocoa plus ½ tablespoon fat. |
| 1 teaspoon double-acting baking powder | 1½ teaspoons phosphate baking powder or 2 teaspoons tartrate baking powder. |
| Sweet milk and baking powder, for baking | Equal amount of sour milk plus ½ teaspoon soda per cup. (Each half teaspoon soda with 1 cup sour milk takes the place of 2 teaspoons baking powder and 1 cup sweet milk.) |
| 1 cup sour milk, for baking | 1 cup sweet milk mixed with one of the following: 1 tablespoon vinegar, 1 tablespoon lemon juice or 13/4 teaspoons cream of tarter. |

| 1 cup whole milk | ½ cup evaporated milk plus ½ cup water or 4 tablespoons dry whole milk plus 1 cup water or 4 tablespoons nonfat dry milk plus 2 teaspoons table fat and 1 cup water. |
|--|--|
| 1 cup skim milk | 4 tablespoons nonfat dry milk plus 1 cup water. |
| 1 tablespoon flour, for thickening | ½ tablespoon cornstarch, potato starch, rice starch, or arrowroot starch or 1 tablespoon granulated tapioca. |
| 1 cup cake flour, for baking | ⁷ / ₈ cup all-purpose flour. |
| 1 cup all-purpose flour, for baking breads | Up to ½ cup bran, whole-wheat flour, or cornmeal plus enough all-purpose flour to fill cup. |

PLANTING & PLOWING AN ACRE

Miles Traveled in Planting an Acre 3'6" Rows

| 1-Row Planter | 2.34 miles |
|---------------|------------|
| 2-Row Planter | 1.17 miles |
| 4-Row Planter | 0.58 miles |

Acres Planted in Traveling One Mile 3'6" Rows

| 1-Row Planter | 0.42 a | acre |
|---------------|--------|------|
| 2-Row Planter | 0.84 | acre |
| 4-Row Planter | 1.68 a | cres |

- There are 10,677 stalks in an acre planted in 3'6" rows, 3 stalks to the hill, hills 3'6" apart, or drilled 1 stalk every 14 inches.
- There are 3,556 hills in an acre planted in 3'6" rows, hills 3'6" apart.

Miles Traveled in Plowing an Acre

| Width of Furrow | Miles |
|-----------------|-------|
| 10 inches | 9 %10 |
| 11 inches | 9 |
| 12 inches | 81/4 |
| 13 inches | 71/2 |

Hundred Weight-Bushel Conversion

| Pounds | Bushels* | Pounds | Bushels* |
|--------|----------|--------|----------|
| 500 | 8.92 | 7,100 | 126.78 |
| 1.000 | 17.85 | 7,200 | 128.57 |
| 1,500 | 26.78 | 7,300 | 130.35 |
| 2,000 | 35 71 | 7,400 | 132.14 |
| 2,500 | 44.64 | 7,500 | 133.92 |
| 3,000 | 53.57 | 7,600 | 135.71 |
| 3,500 | 62.50 | 7,700 | 137.50 |
| 4,000 | 71.42 | 7,800 | 139.28 |
| 4,500 | 80.35 | 7,900 | 141.07 |
| 5,000 | 89.28 | 8,000 | 142.85 |
| 5,100 | 91.07 | 8,100 | 144.64 |
| 5,200 | 92.85 | 8,200 | 146.42 |
| | 94.64 | 1 | 148.21 |
| 5,400 | 96.42 | 1 1 | 150.00 |
| 5,500 | 98.21 | 8,500 | 151.78 |
| | 100.00 | 1 1 | 153.57 |
| 5,700 | 101.78 | 8,700 | 155.35 |
| | 103.57 | 1 | 157.14 |
| | 105.35 | | 158.92 |
| | 107.14 | | 160.71 |
| | 108.92 | 1 | 162.50 |
| | 110.71 | 1 | 164.28 |
| * | 112.50 | · / | 166.07 |
| | 114.28 | · / | 167.85 |
| | 116.07 | | 169.64 |
| * | 117.85 | 1 1 | 171.42 |
| * | 119.64 | | 173.21 |
| | 121.42 | · / | 175.00 |
| , | 123.21 | | 176.78 |
| 7,000 | 125.00 | 10,000 | 178.57 |

^{*}Based on 56 lb. bushel

Estimating Weights of Dairy Cows from Heart-Girth Measurements

| Heart- girth | Weight |
|-----------------|--------|
| 28½ | 92 |
| 29 | 95 |
| 29½ | 98 |
| 30 | 101 |
| 30½ | 104 |
| 31 | 108 |
| 31½ | 113 |
| 32 | 118 |
| 32½ | 123 |

| Heart- girth | Weight |
|-----------------|--------|
| 33 | 128 |
| 33½ | 133 |
| 34 | 138 |
| 34½ | 143 |
| 35 | 148 |
| 35½ | 153 |
| 36 | 158 |
| 36½ | 163 |
| 37 | 168 |

| Fluid Ounces | | |
|----------------|------|-------------------|
| (fl. oz.) | 30 | Milliliters (ml.) |
| Cups (c.) | 0.24 | Liters (I.) |
| Pints (pt.) | 0.47 | Liters (I.) |
| | | Liters (I.) |
| Gallons (gal.) | 3.8 | Liters (I.) |
| | | |
| | | |
| BUSHEL WEIGHTS | | |
| DOULLE WEIGHT | | |

| <u>Grains</u> | Tomatoes56 |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Barley48 | Turnips55 |
| Corn (ear)72 | <u>Grasses</u> |
| Corn (shelled)56 | Bluegrass14 |
| Oats32 | Bluegrass, |
| Rye56 | English22 |
| Sorghum57 | Clover Seed60 |
| Soybean58 | Herds Grass45 |
| Wheat60 | Hungarian Grass .50 |
| Fruits & Vegetables | Orchard Grass14 |
| Apple Seed40 | Redtop |
| Apples44 | (unhulled)14 |
| Beans | Timothy45 |
| (dried, shelled)60 | <u>Miscellaneous</u> |
| Beans, Castor46 | Alfalfa60 |
| Beans | Bran20 |
| (unshelled)38 | Buckwheat48 |
| Beans | Canary Seed60 |
| (stringed)24 | Cement100 |
| Beans (lima)56 | Charcoal20 |
| Beans, Scarlet Pole50 | Chestnuts50 |
| Beets56 | Coal (contents for |
| Blackberries48 | 80 lbs.)80 |
| Blueberries42 | Cornmeal48 Cottonseed32 |
| Cabbage50 | Flaxseed56 |
| Carrots50 | Gooseberris40 |
| Cucumbers50 | Hickory Nuts50 |
| Onions55 | Hominy60 |
| Onions | Horseradish50 |
| (bottom sets)32 | Huckleberries52 |
| Onions | Millet50 |
| (top sets)28 | Millet (Japan)35 |
| Peaches44 | Oats32 |
| Pears50 | Osage Orange |
| Peas (dry)60 | Seed33 |
| Peas | Parsnips42 |
| (green shelled)50 | Peanuts23 |
| Potatoes (Irish)60 | Quinces48 |
| Potatoes (sweet)50 Spinach15 | Rape Seed50 |
| Strawberries42 | Rye56 Walnuts50 |
| Suawberries42 | vvaii10t550 |
| | |

| 4 inches | 7 |
|------------------------------------|------------------|
| | |
| 5 inches | |
| 6 inches | 6 1/6 |
| Recommended Garde Distances* | en Planting |
| | Distance between |
| Plant | plants in inches |
| Beans, bush Lima | 6-8 |
| Beans, bush Snap | 3-4 |
| Beans, pole Snap | 6-8 |
| Beets | 2-3 |
| Carrots | 1-2 |
| Chard | 8-12 |
| Cucumbers | 10-12 |
| Kohlrabi | 3-6 |
| Lettuce, leaf | 3-4 |
| Muskmelons | 10-12 |
| Onions | 2-4 |
| Parsnips | 3-6 |
| Peas | 1-2 |
| Pumpkin | 15-18 |
| Radishes | 1-1½ |
| Rutabagas | 6-8 |
| Spinach | 2-3 |
| Squash | 15-18 |
| Sweet Corn | 10-12 |
| Turnips | 3-4 |
| Watermelon | 24-36 |
| Varies in locations* | |
| | |
| Time Needed For Gard Germinate* | len Seeds To |
| Seed | Days |
| Bean | - |
| Beet | |
| Cabbage | |
| Carrot | |
| Cauliflower | |
| Celery | |
| Corn | |
| Lettuce | |
| Onion | |
| Pea | |
| Parsnip | |
| Pepper | |
| Radish | |
| Tomato | |
| Turnip | |
| • | |
| *Planted in shallow dept | ın |

MISCELLANEOUS EQUIVALENTS

| 1 pint1 pound (approx.) of water, wheat, butter, sugar, or blackberries |
|---|
| 196 pounds of flour1 barrel |
| 200 pounds of beef or pork 1 barrel |
| 165 pounds of potatoes 1 barrel |
| 135 pounds of apples 1 barrel |
| 280 pounds of salt 1 barrel |
| 1 barrel of fish200 pounds |
| 1 gallon of water about 8⅓ pounds |
| 1 gallon of milk about 8.6 pounds |
| 1 gallon of cream about 8.4 pounds |
| 46½ quarts of milk 100 pounds |
| 1 cubic foot of water 62½ pounds and |
| contains 7½ gallons |
| 1 gallon of kerosene about 6½ pounds |
| 1 barrel of cement |
| 1 barrel of oil42 gallons |
| 1 barrel of dry commodities7,065 cubic |
| inches or 105 dry quarts |
| 1 standard bale of cotton 480 pounds |
| 1 keg of nails 100 pounds |
| 1 keg of powder25 pounds |
| 1 stone or lead of iron 14 pounds |
| 1 pig of lead or iron21½ stones |
| 1 cubic foot of Anthracite broken coal |
| about 54 pounds |
| 1 cubic foot Bituminous broken coal |
| about 49 pounds 1 ton of loose Anthracite40-43 cubic feet |
| 1 ton of loose Anthracite40-43 cubic feet 1 ton of loose Bituminous40-48 cubic feet |
| |
| 1 horsepower |
| ½ inchone size in measuring shoes |
| 4 inches1 hand in measuring horses |
| 9 inches |
| 6 feet |
| 6,080 feet 1 nautical mile |
| 1 board foot 144 cubic inches |
| 1 cylindrical foot |
| 1 cubic foot |
| 12 dozen 1 gross |
| |

CAN SIZES

| Size | Product | Cups | Servings (approx.) |
|-----------|-----------------------------|------|--------------------|
| No. 2 | Fruits, vegetables & juices | 2½ | 4-6 |
| No. 2½ | Fruits & vegetables | 3½ | 6-8 |
| 46 ounces | Juices | 53/4 | 6-8 |
| No. 10 | Fruits, vegetables & juices | 13 | 18-25 |

| Capacity |
|--|
| Liter 61.0250 Cubic Inches Liter 0.0353 Cubic Foot Liter 0.2652 Gallon (U.S.) Liter 0.0284 Bushel (U.S.) Cubic Inch 0.0164 Liter Cubic Foot 28.3162 Liters Gallon 3.7853 Liters Bushel 35.2383 Liters |
| Weight |
| Gram. 15.4324 Grains Gram. 0.0353 Ounces Kilogram 2.2046 Pounds Kilogram 0.0011 Tons Ton (met.) 1.1023 Tons Ton (met.) 0.9842 Ton (large) Grain. 0.0648 Grams Ounce. 28.3495 Grams Pound. 0.4536 Kilograms Ton. 907.1848 Kilograms Ton. 0.9072 (met.) Ton (large) 1.0160 Tons (met.) |
| METRIC CONVERSION CHART - Approximations - |
| Length When You Know: Multiply By: To Find: |
| Inches (in.) |
| Weight |
| Ounces (oz.) 18 Grams (g.) Pounds (lb.) 0.45 Kilograms (kg.) Short Tons (2,000 lb.) 0.9 Tonnes (t.) Grams (g.) 0.035 Ounces (oz.) Kilograms (kg.) 2.2 Pounds (lb.) |
| Liquid Measure |
| Milliliters (ml.) 0.03 Fluid Ounces (fl. oz.) Liters (l.) |

Tablespoon (tbsp.)..16......Milliliters (ml.)

Metric Multiples

| Factor | Symbol |
|-----------|---|
| 1,000,000 | M |
| 1,000 | k |
| 100 | h |
| 10 | da |
| 1 m, | g, I, s, or A |
| 0.1 | d |
| 0.01 | C |
| 0.001 | m |
| 0.000001 | u |
| | Factor 1,000,000 1,000 100 10 m, 0.1 m, 0.01 0.001 0.000001 |

Length

| Centimeter | 0.3937 Inches |
|------------|--------------------|
| Meter | 3.2808 Feet |
| Meter | 1.0936 Yards |
| Kilometer | 0.6214 Miles |
| Inch | 2.5400 Centimeters |
| Foot | 0.3048 Meters |
| Yard | 0.9144 Meters |
| Mile | 1.6093 Kilometers |
| Rod | 5.029 Meters |

Area

| Square Centimeter. | 0.1550 Square |
|--------------------|-----------------------|
| | Inches |
| Square Meter | 10.7639 Square Feet |
| Square Meter | 1.1960 Square Yards |
| Hectare | 2.4710 Acres |
| Square Kilometer | 0.3861 Square Miles |
| Square Inch | 6.4516 Square |
| | Centimeters |
| Square Foot | 0.0929 Square Meters |
| Square Yard | .0.8361 Square Meters |
| Acre | 0.4047 Hectares |
| Square Mile2.5 | 900 Square Kilometers |

Volume

| Cubic Centimete | er 0.0610 Cubic Inches |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| Cubic Meter | 35.3145 Cubic Foot |
| Cubic Meter | 1.3079 Cubic Yard |
| Cubic Inch | 16.3872 Cubic Centimeter |
| Cubic Foot | 0.0283 Cubic Meter |
| Cubic Yard | 0.7646 Cubic Meter |

Temperature

| °C °F | |
|---------|-------|
| 100212 | 2068 |
| 90 194 | 1050 |
| 80 176 | 541 |
| 70 158 | 032 |
| 60 140 | -523 |
| 50 122 | -1014 |
| 40 104 | -204 |
| 37 96.6 | -3022 |
| 3086 | -4040 |
| | |

NAILS

| Size | Length Inches | Wire Gage | Approx. No./ Lb. | Approx. S Pour Pull | |
|--|---|---|---|---|--|
| Commo | on Nails | | | (1) | (2) |
| 2d 3d 4d 5d 6d 7d 8d 9d 10d 12d 16d 20d 30d 40d | 1 111/4 111/2 13/4 2 21/4 21/2 23/4 3 31/4 31/2 4 41/2 5 | 15 14 12½ 12½ 11½ 11½ 10¼ 10¼ 9 9 8 6 5 | 847 543 294 254 167 150 101 92 69 63 49 31 24 | Douglas F or Souther 29 34 38 38 42 49 53 58 | 63 78 94 94 107 139 154 176 |
| 50d 60d | 5½ 6 | 3 2 | 14 11 | 63 68 | 202 223 |
| Spikes | | | | | |
| 10d 12d 16d 20d 30d 40d 50d 60d 5 16 3 8 | 3 3½ 4 4½ 5 5 5½ 6 7 8-12 | 6 6 5 4 3 2 1 1 5 16 3 8 | 32 31 24 19 14 12 10 9 6 5-3 | 49 49 53 58 63 68 73 73 80 96 | 139 139 155 176 202 223 248 248 289 380 |
| Harden | ed Thread | ded Nails | 8 | T | |
| 6d 8d 10d 12d 16d 20d 30d 40d 50d 60d | 2 2½ 3 3¼ 3½ 4 4½ 5 5 5½ 6 | 12 11 10 10 9 7 7 7 7 | 190 117 78 73 57 36 31 27 23 18 | 80 90 100 100 110 135 135 135 135 | 69 82 94 94 107 139 139 139 139 |

⁽¹⁾ Per inch penetration of point(2) For penetration of 11 diameters

BOARD MEASURES

| | 20 | | 31/3 | 2 | 62/3 | 10 | 131/3 | 16% | 20 | 231/3 | 26% | | |
|----------------|---------|-------------------|-------------|------------|-------------|----------|-------|-------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-----|-------|
| | 18 | | က | 41/2 | 9 | 6 | 12 | 15 | 18 | 21 | 24 | | |
| ب | . 91 | | | | 2% | 4 | 51% | œ | 10% | 131/3 | 16 | 18% | 211/3 |
| Length in Feet | 41 | Board Feet | 21/3 | 31/2 | 4% | 7 | 91% | 11% | 4 | 161/3 | 18% | | |
| Leng | 12 | Bo | 2 | 8 | 4 | 9 | ω | 10 | 12 | 4 | 16 | | |
| | 10 | | 2/3 | 1/2 | 1/3 | | | | 10 | | | | |
| | 8 | | | | | | | | 8 | | | | |
| | C +0 V | in all | 25/32x15% 1 | 25/32x2% 2 | 25/32x35% 2 | | | | 25/32×11½ 8 | 25/32×13½ 9 | :5/32x15½ 1 | | |
| Size | | | 25/32 | 25/32 | 25/32 | 25/32x5% | 25/32 | 25/32 | 25/32 | 25/32 | 25/32 | | |
| | 8012 | | 1x2 | 1x3 | 1×4 | 1x6 | 1x8 | 1x10 | 1x12 | 1×14 | 1x16 | | |



Area of an Octagon (8 equal sides) Length of one side Squared x 4.838.



Area of a Trapezoid $(a + b) \times h$



Volume of a Cube or Rectangular Box Length x width x height.



Volume of a cylinder Radius squared x 3.1416 x length of cylinder.



Volume of a Sphere Radius cubed x 4.1888.



Volume of a Cone or Pyramid

Area of base x ½ the height
(e.g. square or round hopper bottom).

Volume Conversion Factors

| Cubic Foot x 0.8 | Bushels Grain |
|----------------------|------------------|
| | or Shelled Corn |
| Cubic Foot x 0.4 | Bushels Ear Corn |
| Cubic Foot x 7.48 | Gallons |
| Cubic Foot x 62.4 | Pounds Water |
| Gallons x 8.330 | Pounds Water |
| Gallons x 0.1337 | Cubic Feet |
| Cubic inches + 1,728 | Cubic Feet |
| Cubic Yard x 27 | Cubic Feet |
| Cubic Foot ÷ 27 | Cubic Yards |

METRIC EQUIVALENTS

(Based on National Bureau of Standards)

The Six Basic Metric Units

| Unit | Measures |
|---------------|-------------|
| Meter (M) | Length |
| Kilogram (kg) | Weight |
| Liter (L) | Volume |
| Second (S) | Time |
| Celsius (°C) | Temperature |
| Ampere (A) | Electricity |

Water Requirements of Animals

| Horse | 7-10 gallons daily, |
|--------------|-----------------------------|
| | average about 81/2 gallons. |
| Cow | 6-10 gallons daily, |
| | average about 8½ gallons. |
| Hog | 2-3 gallons daily, |
| | average about 21/2 gallons. |
| Sheep | 1-2 gallons daily, |
| | average about 1½ gallons. |
| 100 Chickens | 40 pounds of water a day; |
| | 5½ gallons. |

HANDY FORMULAS

- To find circumference of a circle when diameter is known, multiply diameter by 3.1416 (approx. 3½).
- To find diameter when circumference is known, divide circumference by 3.1416 or multiply by 0.3183.



Area of a Circle
Radius squared x 3.1416 or
diameter squared x 0.7854.



Area of a Rectangle or Square Length x Width



Area of a Right Triangle
Length x Width



Area of Other Triangles

Base x height at right angle to base
2



Area of a Parallelogram Length x Width



Area of a Pentagon (5 equal sides) Length of one side squared x 1.720.



Area of a Hexagon (6 equal sides) Length of one side squared x 2.598.

| | | | _ | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|---------------------------------------|----------|-------------------|-------|--------|-------|-----------|---------|------------|------------|----------|-------|--|
| | 20 | | 6% | 10 | 131/3 | 20 | 26% | 331/3 | 40 | 46% | 531/3 | | |
| | 81 | | 9 | 0 | 12 | 18 | 24 | 30 | 36 | 42 | 48 | | |
| | 16 | | 51/3 | œ | 10% | 16 | 211/3 | 26% | 32 | 371/3 | 42% | | |
| Length in Feet | | ard Feet | Board Feet | 4% | 7 | 91/3 | 14 | 18% | 231/3 | 28 | 32% | 371/3 | |
| Leng | 12 | Bo | _ | ~ | ~ | 2 | 16 | 02 | 24 | 82 | 32 | | |
| | 10 | | 1/3 | | 8/ %9 | | | | | | | | |
| | 80 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | 25/ | 4 | 51/3 | ∞ | 9 | 13 | 16 | 18 | 21 | | |
| Size | \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ | Actual | 1%x1% | 1%x2% | 1%x35% | 1%x5% | 15/8×71/2 | 1%x91/2 | 15/8×111/2 | 15/8×131/2 | 1%x151/2 | | |
| | W V | | 2x2 | 2x3 | 2x4 | 2x6 | 2x8 | 2x10 | 2x12 | 2x14 | 2x16 | | |

BOARD MEASURES, cont.,

| | 20 | 15 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 20 | 09 | 20 | 80 | 26% | 40 | 531/3 | %99 | 80 | 931/3 | 106% | |
|----------------|--------|------------|-----------|----------|-----------|-----------|------------|-----------|----------|-------|---------|-----------|-----------|------------|------------|------------|-------|
| | 18 | | 131/2 | 18 | 27 | 36 | 45 | 54 | 63 | 72 | 24 | 36 | 48 | 09 | 72 | 84 | 96 |
| | 16 18 | | 12 | 16 | 24 | 32 | 40 | 48 | 99 | 64 | 211/3 | 32 | 42% | 531/3 | 64 | 74% | 851/3 |
| Length in Feet | 14 16 | Board Feet | 101/2 | 4 | _ | 80 | 2 | 2 | 6 | 9 | 18% | | | | | | |
| Length | _ | Boar | _ | <u> </u> | 7 | 0 | က | 4 | 4 | 2 | - | 0 | က | 4 | 2 | 9 | 7 |
| | 1 2 | | 6 | 12 | 18 | 24 | 30 | 36 | 42 | 48 | 16 | 24 | 32 | 40 | 48 | 99 | 64 |
| | 10 | | 71/2 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30 | 35 | 40 | 131/3 | 20 | 26% | 331/3 | 40 | 46% | 531/3 |
| | 80 | | 9 | ∞ | 12 | 16 | 20 | 24 | 28 | 32 | 10% | 16 | 211/3 | 26% | 32 | 371/3 | 42% |
| Size | Actual | 2%x2% | 25/8×35/8 | 2%x5% | 25/8×71/2 | 25/8×91/2 | 25/8×111/2 | 25/x131/2 | 2%x151/2 | 3%x3% | 35/8×5% | 35/8×71/2 | 35/8×91/2 | 35/8×111/2 | 35/8×131/2 | 35/8×151/2 | |
| | 80 | NOII | 3x3 | 3x4 | 3x6 | 3x8 | 3x10 | 3x12 | 3x14 | 3x16 | 4x4 | 4x6 | 4x8 | 4x10 | 4x12 | 4×14 | 4x16 |

Table of Live & Dressed Weights For Hogs & Cattle

Dressing Percentages

| Dressing Perc | entages |
|--------------------|-----------------------|
| Cattle | Percentage |
| Thin cattle (dairy | cows)40-50 |
| | teers50-55 |
| • | d steers55-60 |
| | ng fed steers60 up |
| | e55 |
| Hogs | |
| • | -Head Removed) |
| Extremely heavy | |
| | 280-350 lbs71-73 |
| Heavy | 280-350 lbs 7 1-73 |
| • | 230-280 lbs69-71 |
| Desirable | 230-260 lbs |
| | 190-230 lbs68.5-70 |
| Light | 190-230 lbs 00.3-70 |
| • | 170-190 lbs67.5-68.5 |
| Heavy packing | 170-190 lbs07.5-08.5 |
| | 350-500 lbs70.5-72 |
| Medium packing | |
| | 300-350 lbs 68.5-70.5 |
| Light packing | 300-330 lbs 00.3-70.3 |
| | under 300 lbs 67.5-69 |
| | |
| Sheep | |
| • | 40-65 |
| Average lambs | 48-52 |
| Average Dres | sing 1,200 lb. Steer |
| Live weight | = |
| | 700 lbs 58.3 |
| | 75 lbs 6.2 |
| Head, feet, | 7.5 153 |
| | 45 lbs 3.7 |
| | 80 lbs 6.6 |
| | 12 lbs 1.0 |
| | 3 lbs 0.25 |
| | 20 lbs 1.6 |
| • | 5 lbs 0.41 |
| | 5 lbs0.41 |
| Rough tallow & | 0 103 |
| • | 84 lbs7.0 |
| | 46 lbs3.8 |
| Paunch & | 3.0 |
| | 106 lbs8.8 |
| Lips & weasand | 100 103 0.0 |
| | 4 lbs0.3 |
| Tail, bung, | |
| | 15 lbs 1.2 |
| 3 | |
| | 99.57 |

Liquid Measure

| 2 Cups 1 Pint |
|--------------------------------------|
| 4 Gills 1 Pint |
| 16 Fluid Ounces 1 Pint |
| 2 Pints 1 Quart |
| 4 Quarts1 Gallon |
| 31½ Gallons1 Barrel |
| 2 Barrels1 Hogshead |
| 1 Gallon 231 Cubic Inches |
| 1 Cubic Foot7.48 Gallons |
| 1 Teaspoon |
| (½ ounce) |
| 3 Teaspoons (level) 1 Tablespoon |
| (½ ounce) |
| 2 Tablespoons1 Fluid Ounce |
| 1 Cup (liquid)16 Tablespoons |
| (8 ounce) |
| 1 Teaspoon 5-6 Cubic Centimeters |
| 1 Tablespoon 5-16 Cubic Centimeters |
| 1 Fluid Ounce29.57 Cubic Centimeters |

Apothecaries' Weight

| 20 Grains | 1 Scruple |
|--------------|---------------|
| 3 Scruples | 1 Dram |
| 8 Drams | 1 Ounce |
| 12 Ounces | 1 Pound |
| 27 Grains | 1Dram |
| 161Drams | 1 Ounce |
| 16 Ounces | 1 Pound |
| 2,000 Pounds | 1 Ton (short) |
| 2,240 Pounds | 1 Ton (long) |

DRESSED WEIGHTS OF SLAUGHTERED ANIMALS

| Cattle | Percentage |
|-------------------------------|------------|
| Dairy Cows | 40-50 |
| Prime Cattle | 60 up |
| Average for Cattle | 55 |
| Hogs Prime Heavy | 82.84 |
| Medium Butchers | 78-80 |
| Shipper Hogs | 72-76 |
| Sheep Wide Range Average Lamb | 40-65 |
| Chickens | |
| Cocks | |
| Hens | |
| Pullets | 74 |

| | | | | | | | | | 2/3 | 2/2 | | 2/3 | 75 | 2/3 | | 1/2 | 2/3 | | |
|----------------|------|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------|------------|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------|------------|-----------|------------|--------------|------------|--|--|
| | 20 | | 09 | 80 | 100 | 120 | 140 | 160 | 106 | 1331/3 | 160 | 186 | 2131/3 | 166% | 200 | 2331/3 | 266% | | |
| | | | 4 | 2 | 0 | 08 | 26 | 144 | 96 | 20 | 44 | 168 | 95 | 20 | 180 | 10 | 40 | | |
| | 18 | | L() | _ | 0) | _ | _ | _ | | | | | | _ | _ | (/ | (A | | |
| _ | 16 | | 48 | 64 | 80 | 96 | 112 | 128 | 851/3 | 106% | 128 | 1491/3 | 170% | 1331/3 | 160 | 186% | 2131/3 | | |
| Fee | | eet | | | | | | | | . m | | 2/3 | 3, | 2/3 | | 1/2 | 2/3 | | |
| Length in Feet | 14 | Board Feet | 42 | 26 | 20 | 84 | 86 | 112 | 74% | 937/ | 112 | 130 | 1491/3 | 116% | 140 | 163 | 186% | | |
| Len | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 12 | | 36 | 48 | 09 | 72 | 84 | 96 | 64 | 80 | 96 | 112 | 128 | 100 | 120 | 140 | 160 | | |
| | 10 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 31/3 | 5% | 0 | 31/3 | 106% | 31/3 | 00 | 16% | 1331/3 | | |
| | | | 3(| 4 | 20 | 9 | ~ | 8 | 2 | 99 | 8 | 6 | = | 8 | <u> </u> | - | ~ | | |
| | 8 | | 24 | 32 | 40 | 48 | 99 | 64 | 42% | 531/3 | 64 | 74% | 851/3 | %99 | 80 | 931/3 | 106% | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Size | Size | Actua | 51/2×51/2 | 51/2×71/2 | 51/2×91/2 | 51/2×111/2 | 51/2×131/2 | 51/2×151/2 | 71/2×71/2 | 71/2×91/2 | 71/x111/2 | 71/2×131/2 | 71/2×151/2 | 91/2×91/2 | 91/2×111/2 | 91/2×131/2 | 91/2×151/2 | | |
| | ac N | - | 9x9 | 8x9 | 6x10 | 6x12 | 6x14 | 6x16 | 8x8 | 8x10 | 8x12 | 8x14 | 8x16 | 10x10 | 10x12 | 10x14 | 10x16 | | |
| | | | _ | | | | | | _ | | | | | | | | | | |

FREEZING POINTS, RECOMMENDED STORAGE CONDITIONS, & LENGTH OF STORAGE PERIOD OF VEGETABLES & FRUITS

| | . Aife | Freezing | 2,270 27 2270 | Storage Conditions | nditions | Length of |
|-----------|--------------------|----------|---|----------------------|-------------------|--|
| | Commodity | Point | Place to Store | Temperature | Humidity | Storage Period |
| > | /egetables: | Ļ | | ,L | | |
| | Ory beans and peas | 30.4 | Any cool, dry place. | 32-40 | Dry | As long as desired. |
| | ate cabbage | 30.4 | Pit, trench, or outdoor cellar. | Near 32 as possible. | Moderately moist. | Near 32 as possible. Moderately moist. Through late fall & winter. |
| 0 | Cauliflower | 30.3 | Storage cellar. | Do | Do | 6-8 weeks. |
| ٽ 29 ع | Late Celery | 31.6 | Pit or trench; roots in soil in storage cellar. | Do | Do | Through late fall & winter. |
| ш | Endive | 31.9 | Roots in soil in storage cellar. | Do | Do | 2-3 months. |
| O | Onions | 30.6 | Any cool, dry place. | Do | Dry | Through fall & winter. |
| <u>п</u> | Parsnips | 30.4 | Where they grew, or in storage cellar. | Do | Moist | Do |
| <u>п</u> | Peppers | 30.7 | Unheated basement or room. | 45-50 | Moderately moist. | 2-3 weeks. |
| <u>п</u> | Potatoes | 30.9 | Pit or in storage cellar. | 35-40 | Do | Through fall & winter. |
| | | | | | | |

Cubic Measure

| 1,728 Cubic Inches | 1 Cubic Foot |
|--------------------|--------------|
| 27 Cubic Feet | 1 Cubic Yard |
| 144 Cubic Inches | 1 Board Foot |
| 128 Cubic Feet | 1 Cord |

Weights and Volumes of Water

- One cubic inch of water weighs .03617 pounds.
- One cubic foot weighs 62.5 pounds.
- One cubic foot equals 7.48052 gallons.
- One pint (liquid) weighs 1.044375 pounds.
- One pint (liquid) weighs 1.044375 pounds.
- One gallon weighs 8.355 pounds.
- One liquid quart equals 57.75 cubic inches.

Circles and Globes

- To find the circumference of a circle, multiply the diameter by 3.1416.
- To find the area of a circle, multiply the square of the diameter by .7854.
- To find the surface of a globe, multiply the square of the diameter by 3.1416.
- To find the solidity of a globe, multiply the cube of the diameter by .5236.

STANDARD MEASURES

Measure of Length (linear measure)

| 4 Inches | 1 Hand |
|--------------------------|-------------------|
| 9 Inches | 1 Span |
| 12 Inches | 1 Foot |
| 3 Feet | 1 Yard |
| 6 Feet | 1 Fathom |
| 51/2 Yards - 161/2 Feet | 1 Rod or 11 Poles |
| 40 Poles | 1 Furlong |
| 8 Furlongs | 1 Mile |
| 5,280 Feet - 1,760 Yards | |
| | 1 Mile |
| 3 Miles | 1 League |

Measure of Surface (area)

| 144 Square Inches | 1 Square Foot |
|--------------------|---------------|
| 9 Square Feet | 1 Square Yard |
| 301/4 Square Yards | 1 Square Rod |
| 40 Square Rods | 1 Rood |
| 4 Square Roods | 1 Square Area |
| 160 Square Rods | 1 Acre |
| 43,560 Square Feet | 1 Acre |
| 640 Square Acres | 1 Square Mile |
| 36 Square Miles | 1 Township |
| | |



COMMON MEASURES

Long Measure

| 12 Inches | 1 Foot |
|----------------------------|------------|
| 3 Feet | 1 Yard |
| 5½ Yards | 1 Rod |
| 320 Rods | 1 Mile |
| 1 Mile | 5,280 Feet |
| 1 Hand | 4 Inches |
| (Used in measuring horse h | eight) |

Square Measure

| 144 Square Inches | 1 Square Foot |
|-------------------------|----------------------|
| 9 Square Feet | 1 Square Yard |
| 43,560 Square Feet | 1 Acre |
| 301/4 Square Yards | 1 Square Rod |
| 160 Square Rods | 1 Acre |
| 640 Acres | 1 Square Mile |
| · An acre is equal to a | square whose side is |
| 208.71 feet. | |

Surveyor's Square Measure

| 10,000 Square Links | . 1 Square Chain |
|---------------------|------------------|
| 10 Square Chains | 1 Acre |
| 10 Chains Square | 10 Acres |

Surveyor's Linear Measure

| 7.92 Inches | 1 Link |
|--|--------|
| 100 Links1 | Chain |
| 80 Chains | 1 Mile |
| · Gunter's Chain is the unit and is 66 | feet |
| long. | |

Dry Measure

| 2 Pints | 1 Quart |
|--------------------------------|-----------------|
| 8 Quarts | 1 Peck |
| 4 Pecks | 1 Bushel |
| • 1 Bushel contains 2150.42 | cubic inches or |
| approximately 11/4 cubic feet. | |

Liquid Measure

| 4 Gills | 1 Pint |
|----------|----------|
| 2 Pints | 1 Quart |
| 4 Quarts | 1 Gallon |

- 1 gallon contains 231 cubic inches1 cubic foot equals 7½ gallons

| Ommodity | Freezing | Charles of coole | Storage Conditions | nditions | Length of |
|----------------------------|----------|---------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|--|
| Commodity | Point | riace to store | Temperature | Humidity | Storage Period |
| | Ļ | | Ļ | | |
| Pumpkins and squashes | 30.5 | Home cellar or basement. | 55 | Moderately dry. | Do |
| Root crops (miscellaneous) | | Pit or in storage cellar. | Near 32 as possible. | Moist | Do |
| Sweet potatoes | 29.7 | Home cellar or basement. | 55-60 | Moderately dry. | Do |
| Tomatoes (mature green) | 31.0 | Do | 55-70 | Do | 4-6 weeks. |
| Fruits: Apples | 29.0 | Fruit storage cellar. | Near 32 as possible. | | Moderately moist. Through fall & winter. |
| Grapefruit | 29.8 | Do | Do | Do | 4-6 weeks. |
| Grapes | 28.1 | Do | Do | Do | 1-2 months. |
| Oranges | 30.5 | Do | Do | Do | 4-6 weeks. |
| Pears | 29.2 | Do | Do | Do | |
| | | | | | |

~ 30 ~

Contact Information

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Kent A Leonhardt, Commissioner

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